(c) High speed multiple-head tape and webbing looms;
(d) Light Metal Treadle looms; and
(e) Blanket looms.

As regards the first two types, *viz.*, (a) and (b) above, the applicants should give full reasons as to why they must have the particular auto loom or semi-auto loom as the case may be.

2. As looms are licensable under the Capital Goods Scheme irrespective of their value limit, applications by actual users may be made to the Joint Chief Controller of Imports, Bombay, in the prescribed Capital Goods Form. Applications will be considered and dealt with as and when received in consultation with the T.A.C. No. 3 attached to the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.

L. K. JHA,
Joint Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Import Trade Control Circular No. 71—52.

Subject.—Procedure for grant of licences to Actual Users during July–December 1952.

Public Notice No. 67–I.T.C. (P.N.)—52, dated 20th June 1952, issued by the Government of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, is republished below for general information :—

In Public Notice No. 55—I.T.C. (P.N.)—52, dated 19th May 1952, it was stated that applications for items to be licensed to actual users will only be entertained if the factory or industrial undertaking for which the raw material is required engages a minimum of 50 workers. This does not mean that cottage and small scale industries who engage a smaller number of workers cannot receive licenses as actual users, but they must apply jointly either as an association or as a co-operative body.

2. A co-operative society or an association, can make one consolidated application for the requirements of all its members employing between them a minimum of 50 workers for such articles as are shown as licensable to actual users. The application should be supported as usual with a certificate from the Director of Industries of the State concerned.

3. When a registered co-operative society is applying for a licence, it would be enough if it produces a single Income-tax Verification Certificate in the name of the society. When, however, an associatian is applying on behalf of its members it would be necessary for each unit to procure a separate Income-tax Registration Number of Exemption number, in its own name. In the case of an application by an Association, the list of members together with the requirements of each and the Income-tax Verification Certificate Registration or Exemption number of each member should be furnished along with the application.

4. In the case of units of specially assisted industries as given in the Hand Book of Rules and Procedure, who are borne on the list of the Development Wing of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, New Delhi, applications should be made through the Development Wing, regardless of the number of workers engaged in accordance with the instructions contained in the Hand Book.

Custom House,
Madras,
27th June 1942.

V. S. RAMA AYYAR,
Dy. Chief Controller of Imports

Import Trade Control Circular No. 72—52.

Subject.—Import of all types of lifts and elevators (including passenger and goods) falling under Serial Number 70 of Part V of I.T.C. Schedule during July–December 1952.

Public Notice No. 68–I.T.C.—P.N.—52, dated 26th June 1952, issued by the Government of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, is republished below for general information :—

It has been decided to consider applications for the grant of licences to import lifts of all kinds from the following categories of applicants during July–December 1952 :—

(a) Established Importers,
(b) Sole Agents,
(c) Actual Users.

2. Established importers should submit their applications in the usual form and manner along with the necessary evidence of their past imports together with a complete statement of the lifts for which they have booked orders. It will be necessary for them to give full details of the location of the building where the lift is to be installed, the date on which the building will be ready, the number of storeys in the building, the likely date of delivery promised by foreign suppliers and other relevant details pertaining to each order booked. The necessary documents in support of these claims should also be produced.

3. Sole Agents should also produce the details of the orders booked by them as indicated in the preceding paragraph in addition to evidence of sole agency agreement and other documents normally required.

4. Applications in the category of actual users will only be considered if the lift is required for any kind of public institution or if the building in which the lift is to be installed is of six storeys or more. Applications should comply with the normal regulations applicable to actual users except that the suporting certificate need not be from the State Director of Industries and instead a certificate from the appropriate Government Department or Municipal Corporation would be accepted. It will be necessary for the applicants in this category to indicate the name of the importer through whom the lift will be imported if it is not going to be imported direct. Full specifications of the lift will also be required.

5. All applications should be addressed to the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi, so as to reach that office before the end of July 1952.

6. It has also been decided that the validity of licences whether issued during January–June 1952 or July–December 1952 should be 18 months from the date of issue. Necessary extension of validity of licences already issued will be given on presentation to the Joint/Deputy Chief Controller of Imports at ports.

Custom House,
Madras,
30th June 1952.

V. S. RAMA AYYAR,
Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.

Dated the 27th June 1952.

Public Notice No. 7—52.

Subject.—Imports from Pakistan—Open General Licence—Expiry of—.

Importers of goods from Pakistan are informed that the present Indo-Pakistan Trade Agreement is due to expire on the 30th June 1952 and the Open General Licence No. XXII issued last year in terms of this agreement will also expire on 30th June 1952. In order that there is no hold up of Trade, imports of commodities covered by the above Open General Licence would be allowed free of restriction for a period of fifteen days with effect from 1st July 1952 as a concession.

2. Importers are warned that no indefinite movement of goods can be allowed to be made and claims in this respect will not be entertained.

V. S. RAMA AYYAR,
Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.

Dated 15—16th July 1952.

No. C. & D. 2159. The following communications issued by the Government of India, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, regarding the under mentioned subjects are hereby republished for general information :—

1. Export of Mustard oil
2. Export of Copper and Brass Manufactures
and
3. Export of Firebricks.

By Order of His Highness the Maharaja,

R. J. REGO,
Secretary to Government,
Development Department.